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(12) PATENT SPECIFICATION ABSTRACT (19) AU

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- (54) Carpet joining tape
- (75) Baxter, R.B.
- (74) SA
- (57) Claim
- 1. An improved carpet joining tape including an electrical conducting foil extending along said tape and adapted, in use, to be heated by an electric current to malt adhesive on said tape, said foil comprising two or more electrically separated strips extending along said tape, whereby, in use, said strips may be connected in series by bridging members between said strips, thus substantially reducing the amount of electrical current necessary to obtain the desired heating effect.

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to be adjustable so as to allow for variations in tape length and also to provide for a two stage heating process whereby the glue is firstly heated to a stage where it full melt whereby the complete gluing process can occur. Conventional apparatus for providing the heavy current supply is bulky and thus inconvenient in use. In the past a magnetic amplifier has been used to provide the heavy current supply is bulky and thus inconvenient in use. In the past conventional apparatus for providing the heavy current supply is bulky and thus inconvenient in use. In the past a magnetic amplifier has been used to provide the heavy current from a normal domestic mains 230v supply. More

A problem arises in using tapes having an electrical conducting foil. In order to provide a current density in the foil sufficient to melt the adhesive a current of over tively large current supply source. Furthermore, in order to provide the necessary control, the current source needs to be adjustable so as to allow for variations in tape

a tape for facilitating use of the latter method. The present invention is concerned with tape via the foil. melt the adhesive, an electric current is passed along the adhesive and the paper backing member and, in order to foil extending along the tape and sewn thereto between the a second method the tape is manufactured with a thin metal but this method is relatively time consuming. According to is used to apply heat to the tape and thus melt the glue, differs in each case. According to a first method an iron ent methods are used to heat the adhesive and the tape Two differmember and thread to the carpet to be joined. is heated to melt the adhesive and thus adhere the backing adhesive is arranged over the thread and in use the tape like thread to provide transverse strength. which is sewn a welt of Rayon (Registered Trade Mark) or member or carrier in the form of a continuous strip onto

This invention relates to an improved tape for joining tape in the form of a heat-bond tape.

Heat-bond tape generally consists of a paper backing

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In order that the invention may be more readily understood a particular embodiment thereof will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings wherein:

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- Fig. 1 is a sectional end view of a carpet joining tape according to the invention,
- Fig. 2 is a plan view of a length of tape according to Fig. 1 and
- Fig. 3 is a circuit diagram of a current supply apparatus suitable for supplying current to the foil according to Figs. 1 and 2.

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Referring now to Fig. 1 there is shown a carpet joining tape comprising a backing member 10 formed from paper or like material and forming a carrier for supporting the other components of the tape. An electrical conducting foil 11 is arranged on the backing member 10 and comprises two parallel strips separated by a gap 12 and extending lengthwise along the tape. The conducting foil 11 may be held on to the backing member 10 in one of two ways and according to the present embodiment is held thereto by an adhesive coating 13 which is applied over the foil 11 with a thread arrangement 14 being arranged therebetween.

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The thread arrangement 14 comprises a weft of Rayon (Registered Trade Mark) or like thread which provides transverse strength to the tape to assist in joining two

to the embodiment is about 1/8th of an inch.

spong pe self-explanatory. components of the circuit not specifically mentioned herein current of transformer T2 energizing control meter M. The output current is measured by the secondary the tape. the triacs energizes Tl which causes an output current to causes firing of the triacs TCl - TC2 and TC3. Firing of the capacitor Cl, C2 and C3 and associated circuitry which the control potentiometer VRl a phase shift is caused by to the primary of Tl via transformer T2. By increasing meter VRl to be set to zero before current can be supplied is achieved by relay RLl which requires control potentiomaximum level when the apparatus is switched on and this arranged so as to prevent an output current from Tl of for a duration of about 10 minutes. The circuitry is circuit in the case of a continuous current of 10 amps former by a circuit breaker CBl which provides an open apparatus. Thermal protection is provided for the transshown in the Fig. and provide a 230v 6 amp supply to the nected to the respective active and neutral terminals active and neutral of a domestic mains supply are con-In use the C3 as well as triacs TCl and TC2 and TC3. a phase shift principle involving capacitors Cl, C2 and The primary current is controlled using ontput thereof. in order to provide a variable current supply at the comprises a transformer Tl having a controlled primary skilled in the art. Briefly the current supply apparatus in detail as it should be self-explanatory to persons Figs. 1 and 2. The circuit diagram will not be explained apparatus to supply heating current to the tape shown in Fig. 3 shows a circuit diagram for current supply

ll each extending along the tape and adapted to be joined readily comprise more than two separate conducting foils For example, the tape according to the invention could limited to the particular embodiment described herein.

that the present invention provides considerable advantages

It should be evident from the description hereinabove

in carpet joining tape. Clearly the invention is not

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THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS:-

- 1. An improved carpet joining tape including an electrical conducting foil extending along said tape and adapted, in use, to be heated by an electric current to melt adhesive on said tape, said foil comprising two or more electrically separated strips extending along said tape, whereby, in use, said strips may be connected in series by bridging members between said strips, thus substantially reducing the amount of electrical current necessary to obtain the desired heating effect.
- 2. A tape according to claim 1 wherein there is an even number of said strips so that both sides of an electrical current supply may be connected to the tape at the same end with appropriate bridging at one or both ends to provide said series connection.
- 3. A tape as defined in claim 2 wherein there are two said strips, whereby the electrical current supply is adapted to be connected between the respective strips at one end of said tape and a said bridging member is adapted to be connected between said strips at the other end of said tape, thus avoiding the need for lengthy heavy current leads.
- 4. A tape as defined in claim 1, 2 or 3 said tape includes a paper type backing member onto which said foil is sewn, a weft of thread to provide transverse strength, and said adhesive which is arranged in longitudinally extending ribs on said foil.
- 5. An improved carpet joining tape substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to Figs. 1 and 2 of the accompanying drawings.

DATED THIS 8TH DAY OF APRIL 1980

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Fellows Institute of Patent Attorneys of Australia

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